Progression of Reading Skills

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	Foundation	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Phonics And Decoding	 To hear and say the initial sound in words To segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and know which letter represents some of them To link sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet To use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately To read some common irregular word To read and understand simple sentences 	 Use phonetic knowledge to blend sounds together to read words, including phonemes Read words without overt sounding and blending after a few encounters Read common exception words Read accurately words containing GPCs that have been taught Read familiar endings to words (-s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er) Read words containing the un- prefix Read words with contractions and understand that apostrophes represent the omitted letter(s) 	 Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes Read further common exception words, Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered 	• To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately and to establish meaning • Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action • Read Year 3 common exception words, understanding the correspondence between spelling and sound • Apply growing knowledge of root words and prefixes both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-,	 To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill. Read Year 4 common exception words, understanding the correspondence between spelling and sound Apply knowledge of root words prefixes and suffixes, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meetat an appropriate level for Year 4 Read more exception words, noting the unusual correspondence between spelling, sound and where these occur in the word 	• To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues • Understand the relationship between words to then help them read unknown polysyllabic words • Understand the impact of prefixes and suffixes on root words • Read all Year 4 and 5 common exception words • To apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/ word endings, including -sion, -tion, - cial, tial,	• To read fluent with full knowledge of al Y5/ Y6 exceptio words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings* and to decode any unfamiliar word with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning throug contextual cues. • Apply growing knowledge of roots words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), bot to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.

Begin to spot errors in decoding and attempt to self correct Start to be aware of, and use, alternative sounds for graphemes Use reading experiences to support readin of unfamiliar words using strategies other than phonolog decoding Read books aloud, accurate that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to wout words Re read these books to build their fluency a confidence in word reading	and suffixes both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words Read accurately words with 2 or more syllables Read words with most common suffixes Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation Reread these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading	un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto To apply their growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including -ation, -ly, -ous, -ture, - sure, -sion, -tion, -ssion and - cian,	-ant/-ance/-ancy, -ent/- ence/-ency, -able/-ably and - ible/ibly,	

Comparison and Retrieval	understanding when talking to others about what they have read	 To check that a text makes sense to them as they read and to self-correct Answer straight forward questions about a story Identify the main events or key points in a text Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say To link what they have read or have read to them to their own experiences To retell familiar stories in increasing detail 	• To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. • To participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, explaining their understanding and expressing their views • To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading • To become increasingly familiar with and to retell a wide range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales	To recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks To use appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting) Use text marking to support retrieval of information or ideas from texts Scan non-fiction pages to find a relevant section of a texts Use dictionaries to check the meaning of new words they have read	• To discuss and compare texts from a wide variety of genres and writers •To read for a range of purposes • To identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books • To refer to authorial style, overall themes (e.g. triumph of good over evil) and features (e.g. greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the use of presentational devices such as numbering and headings) .• Skim and scan to identify key ideas and answer questions from a text (nonfiction and fiction) • Retrieve and record information from a variety of texts	• To read a wide range of genres, identifying the characteristics of text types (such as the use of the first person in writing diaries and autobiographies) and differences between text types • To participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously • To identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and to summarise these • Torecommend texts to peers based on personal choice	• To read for pleasure, discussing, comparing and evaluating in depth across a wide range of genres • Checking that the book makes sense, discussing understanding and exploring the meaning of word in context • Summarising the main ideas, drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details, that support the main ideas • Ask questions to improve understanding • Retrieve, record and present information from non -fiction • Making comparisons of characters, settings and themes within and across books.
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	 To discuss the 	(fiction and	 Ask questions to 	
	sequence of	nonfiction)	clarify	
	events in books	Locate	understanding	Distinguish
	and how items of	information	 Skim and scan 	between
	information are	quickly and	non-fiction texts at	statements of
	related	effectively from	speed for research	facts and
	Use text	range of sources	 Talk confidently 	opinions
	marking to	by using	about the purpose	providing
	support retrieval	techniques such	of the text and the	reasoned
	of information or	as text marking	specific intentions	justifications for
	ideas from texts	and using the	of the author	their views
	 Scan non-fiction 	index	Use what I know	• Explain and
	pages to find a		about text	discuss their
Comparison	relevant section		structure to find	understanding of
•	of text		information	what they have
and			 Identify, collate 	read, including
Retrieval			and discuss the	through informal
			key ideas and	presentations
			information from a	and debates
			range of sources	T
			• Compare,	• To recognise
			contrast and	more complex
			evaluate different	themes in what
			books	they read (such
				as loss or
				heroism).
				To explain and
				discuss their
				understanding of
				what they have
				read, including
				through formal
				presentations
				and debates

Deduction And Inference

- To suggest how a story might end
- To begin to understand 'why' and 'how' questions
- To answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events
- Recognise why a character is feeling a certain way
- Express opinions about main events and characters in a story
- Make simple predictions about the characters
- Link what is read or heard to their own experience, with support
- To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far

- Discuss reasons for actions and events based on evidence in the text
- Empathise with different characters' point of view in order to explain what characters are thinking/feeling and the way they act
- To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text
- To make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done

- Discuss reasons for actions and events based on evidence in the texts
- Empathise with different characters' point of view in order to explain what characters are thinking/feeling and the way they act
- To justify predictions based on knowledge from/of the text and wider connections

Predict what might happen from details stated and implied • Draw inferences such as inferring
 To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives
 Work out the meaning of

characters

justifying

evidence

To justify

feelings, thoughts

and motives from

their actions, and

inferences from

predictions from

implied with

Discuss

in context

understanding

and explain the

meaning of words

text

details stated and

evidence from the

- Work out the meaning of unknown words from the way that they are used in context
- Infer messages, moods, feelings and attitudes across a text
- Explore texts to support and justify predictions and opinions

- Predicting what might happen form details stated and implied
- Drawing inferences such as inferring characters feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying
 - Provide reasoned justifications for views

inferences with

evidence

- To consider different accounts of the same event and to discuss viewpoints (both of authors and of fictional characters)
- To discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues

Language For Effect	 Can continue a rhyming string To build up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences To extend vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words To use vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books 	Discuss what new words mean, linking new meanings to those already known Appreciate rhymes and poems and perform some by heart Recognise repetition of language in their reading Recognise obvious story language- 'once upon a time big bad wolf' and recognise a range of patterns in texts, including stories, thymes and nonfiction	Explain what has happened so far in what they have read To discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary. To discuss their favourite words and phrases.	Discuss understanding and explain the meanings of words in context Discuss words and phrases that capture the readers interest and imagination Identify where language is used to create mood, build tension or paint a picture To discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect	Identify structures of texts and deliberate choices in author's language Talk about the author's choice of language and structure and its effect on the reader Discuss how and what the texts affects the reader by making reference to the author's choice of language and/or structure	Recognise the use of irony and comment on the writer's intention Discuss the difference between literal and figurative language and the effects of imagery Evaluate the success of a text providing evidence that refers to language, theme and style To evaluate the use of authors' language and explain how it has created an impact on the reader	• To analyse and evaluate the use of language, including figurative language and how it is used for effect, using technical terminology such as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect - consider the impact on the reader • Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
Poetry And Performance	 To listen to and join in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in small groups To join in with repeated refrains in rhymes and stories 	To recite simple poems by heart To join in with repeated refrains in rhymes and stories To join in with repeated refrains in rhymes and stories	• To continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear	 To prepare and perform poems and play scripts that show some awareness of the audience when reading aloud To begin to use appropriate intonation and volume when reading aloud 	 To recognise and discuss some different forms of poetry To prepare and perform poems and play scripts with appropriate techniques (intonation, tone, volume and action) 	• To continually show an awareness of audience when reading out loud using intonation, tone, volume and action	• To confidently perform texts (including poems learnt by heart) using a wide range of devices to engage the audience and for effect